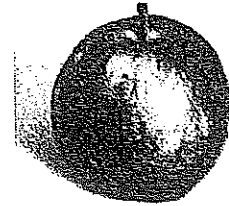


# Honeycrisp

## APPLES

By: Courtney Keimer



|  |  |
|--|--|
| The Honeycrisp apple is a variety of apples that is very popular in grocery stores. It has a creamy white center and yellow background. It has large reddish orange or pink blotches all over it. The coloring follows a gradient pattern. Honeycrisp apples are typically medium to large in size.  | 13<br>26<br>40<br>50                                 |
| Honeycrisp apples were developed in the 1960s in Minnesota. This is where many apples have been cultivated over the years. Honeycrisp apples were patented in 1988. It took almost 30 years to develop. Two apple breeders named them while they were in their office. They were introduced in grocery stores in the 1980s. They became very trendy in 2007 and they're commonly known as a "millennial apple." Many more similar and great tasting apples have been developed since.  | 61<br>72<br>86<br>99<br>112<br>125<br>128            |
| What really sets Honeycrisp apples apart and makes them so popular is their sweet and crunchy deliciousness. They were cultivated to have just the right amount of acid and sugar. That gives Honeycrisp apples just the right amount of tartness and sweetness. The combination of flavor and texture makes biting into a Honeycrisp apple a tantalizing experience.  | 139<br>152<br>165<br>177<br>185                      |
| Honeycrisp apples are the fifth most grown apples in America. They're also the fifth most popular apples in grocery stores today. They are a bit more expensive than other varieties of apples. They are twice as much as Red Delicious apples. People do not seem to mind paying a little extra for these yummy apples. Honeycrisp apples are ripe in the autumn. They thrive in both cool and warm apple growing regions throughout the US. They are not super easy apple to grow, however. In addition to being delicious eaten fresh, Honeycrisp apples are also commonly used in baked goods and taste great. | 195<br>210<br>223<br>237<br>250<br>263<br>276<br>287 |

# Explicit and Inferred Meaning

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Explicit Meaning:** What a text clearly and literally means, leaving no implications open for interpretation.

**Inferred Meaning:** A deeper meaning that can be logically concluded based on the evidence.

**Example:** "The rulebook says the junior varsity players should be no older than fifteen. Isn't Joanie sixteen?" The explicit meaning is just what is said – something from the yearbook and a question about Joanie's age. However, one can infer that Joanie is too old for the team.

**Directions:** Read the passage provided and complete the graphic organizer by finding two statements with an inferred meaning. You'll need to (1) copy the quote, write the (2) explicit (literal) meaning, write the (3) inferred meaning you've interpreted, and (4) support your inference with textual evidence.

Title and Author of Text

Quote 1 from Text  
(and page number, if applicable)

Explicit Meaning

Inferred Meaning

Textual Evidence  
(support your inference)

Title and Author of Text

Quote 2 from Text  
(and page number, if applicable)

Explicit Meaning

Inferred Meaning






Textual Evidence  
(support your inference)

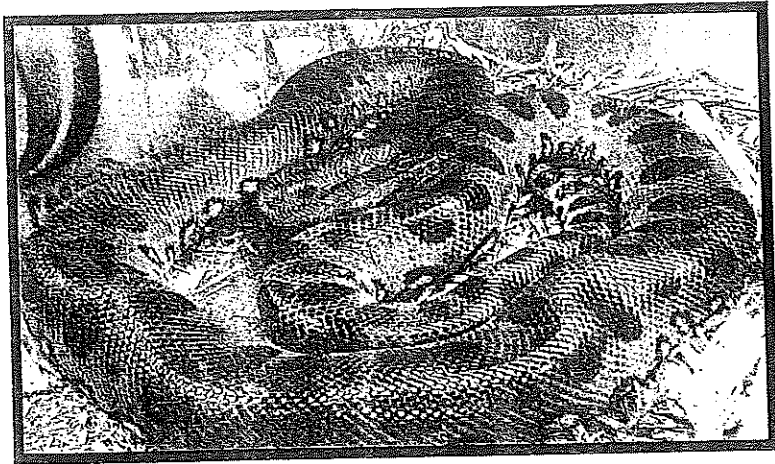
Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

# Observe & Infer

**Directions:** Analyze each photograph and describe your explicit, factual observations. Then add your schema (background knowledge, feelings, etc.). Lastly explain what you can logically infer about what is happening inside the photograph.

| Picture  | I observe ... | My schema ... | So, I infer ... |
|--|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
|    |               |               |                 |
|    |               |               |                 |
|  |               |               |                 |
|  |               |               |                 |
|  |               |               |                 |



## Anaconda

Do you want to know what snake is the biggest in the world? It is the anaconda! The anaconda can weigh 550 pounds and grow up to 29 feet long. The anaconda lives in the rainforests of South America and likes wet places like swamps and rivers. Anacondas are carnivores, or meat eaters, that eat animals like birds and wild pigs. They do not have venom and instead squeeze their prey until they cannot breathe. The anaconda has a special talent. Because they have a stretchy jaw, they can eat their prey in one gulp! After it eats a huge meal, the anaconda can go for weeks or months without eating again. Female anacondas give birth to many live babies that are ready to swim and hunt right after they are born.

O/870L

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Writing About Reading

On the back, write to explain what makes the anaconda special. Use specific examples from your text to support your answer!

Underline the answer in the text to support your answer.

1. What does the word carnivores mean in this passage?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. What is the anaconda's special talent?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. What does the anaconda like to eat?

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Why do you think anacondas only live in South America?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

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